

Prepayment Electricity Metering System

DOMESTIC

Landis+Gyr



GEMINI CSM (VERSION 11 FIRMWARE) USER GUIDE

APPROVAL RECORD SHEET

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1. INTRODUCTION

Cashpower Gemini Compact Split Meter is a compact, split electricity meter that may be operated in any one of three modes for maximum flexibility:

- Prepayment Metering mode.
- Credit Metering mode.
- Energy Management Mode.

Gemini CSM is essentially a two-part product comprising:

- An Energy Management Unit (EMU) – also referred to as a ‘meter’
- A Customer Interface Unit (CIU)

The meter is typically mounted in a secure location, only accessible to the supply authority, and implements all critical metering, token decryption and load control functionality.

The customer interface unit resides in the consumer’s premises and provides a remote control and display interface (keypad and liquid crystal display). It is connected to the meter via a two-wire interface that cannot influence operation of the meter in any way e.g. by tampering with the wires.

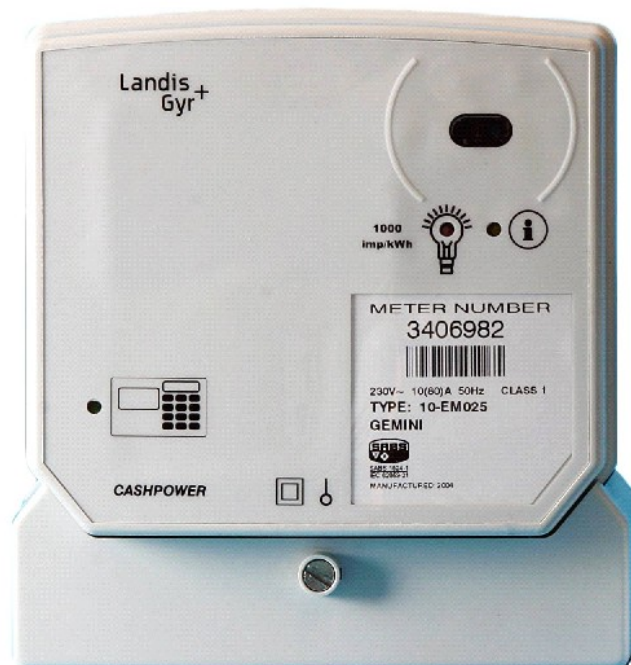


Figure 1: Gemini Split Prepayment Meter

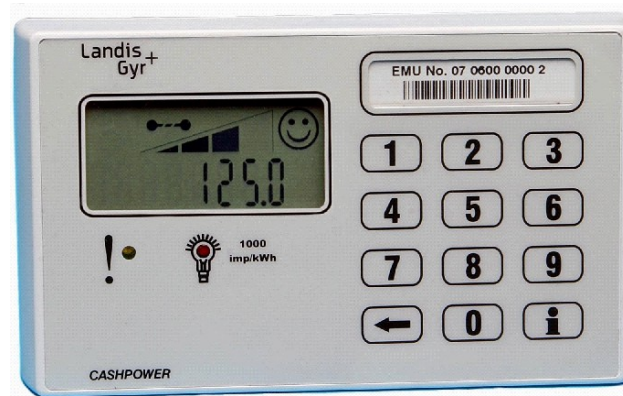


Figure 2: Customer Interface Unit

2. HUMAN-MACHINE INTERFACE (METER)

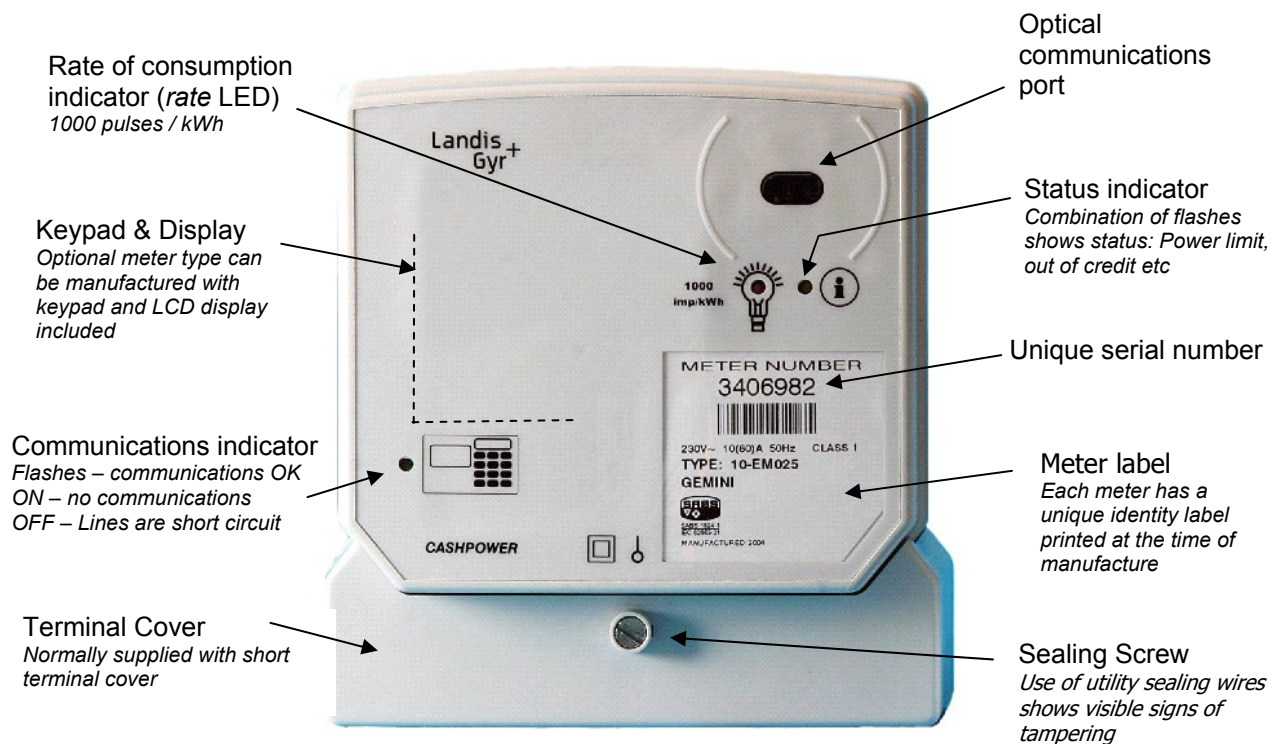


Figure 3: Meter typical front panel features

Because all display and control functionality is provided at the customer interface unit, there is no local LCD or keypad, although the meter is also available in a model that has a display and keypad fitted.

Rate of Consumption Indicator (Rate LED): This red LED provides both a visual indication of instantaneous power consumption as well as the *reference* output for verifying the meter's metrological accuracy.

Optical Communications Port: This port enables data to be transferred to and from the meter (e.g. the accessing of various registers or downloading of new parameters) using a portable interrogation device. The optical port's communication protocol complies with IEC 62056-21 Mode C.

Communications Indicator: This green LED gives a visual indication of communication status with a remotely connected customer interface unit.

Status Indicator: This yellow LED gives a quick visual indication of several important functions.

NB: In the following sections, where meter operation is described in detail e.g. the entering and processing of tokens, all display and control functionality relates to the customer interface unit (the meter normally having no local LCD or keypad fitted).

3. HUMAN-MACHINE INTERFACE (CUSTOMER INTERFACE UNIT)

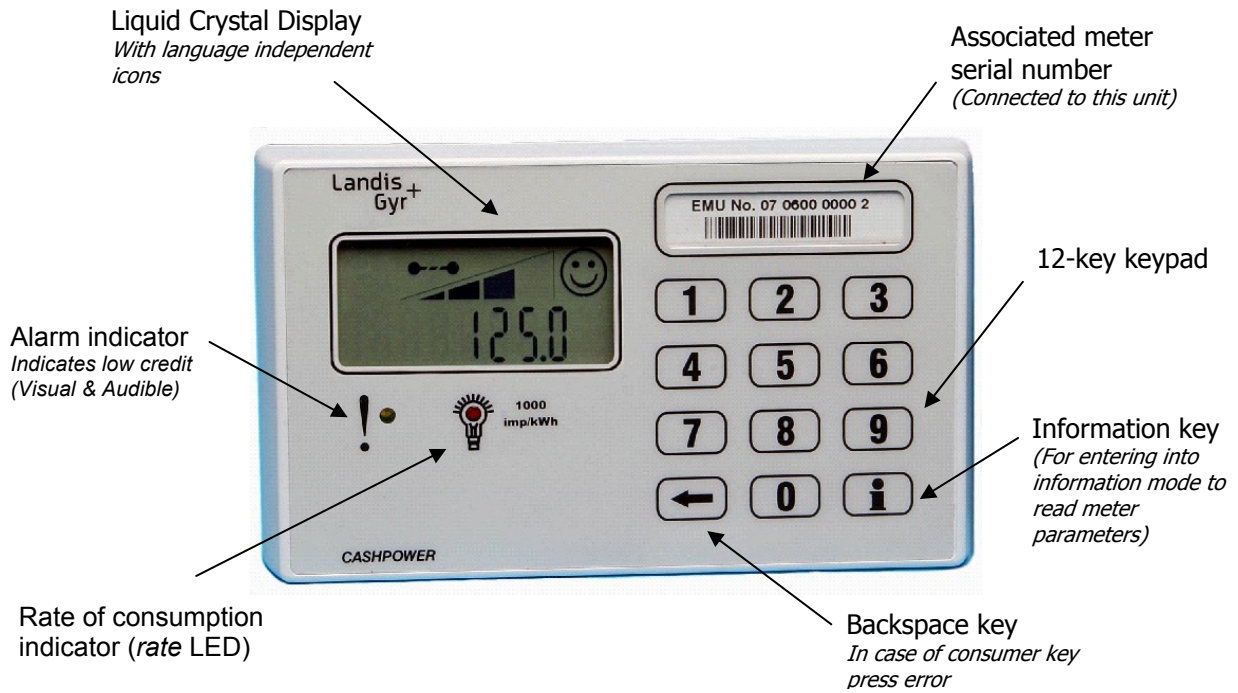


Figure 4: Customer Interface Unit front panel indications

The customer interface unit comprises a non-tactile, 12-key keypad with audible feedback (for the entry of tokens and accessing of various management functions), and a custom LCD (for the display of remaining credit, the scrolling in of keypad entries and various meter status and management functions).

A red *rate of consumption* LED provides a visual indication of instantaneous power consumption. Note: The *rate* LED on the customer interface unit is not a reference output and should not be used for verifying the associated meter's metrological accuracy.

A yellow *alarm* LED indicator duplicates the *alarm* indication function on the LCD. Its main function is to give a very visible indication of low credit levels.

The customer interface unit is effectively a remote display and keypad for the meter. Communications between the two units takes place in real time e.g. keypad entries at the customer interface unit are processed by the meter and echoed to the customer interface unit display.

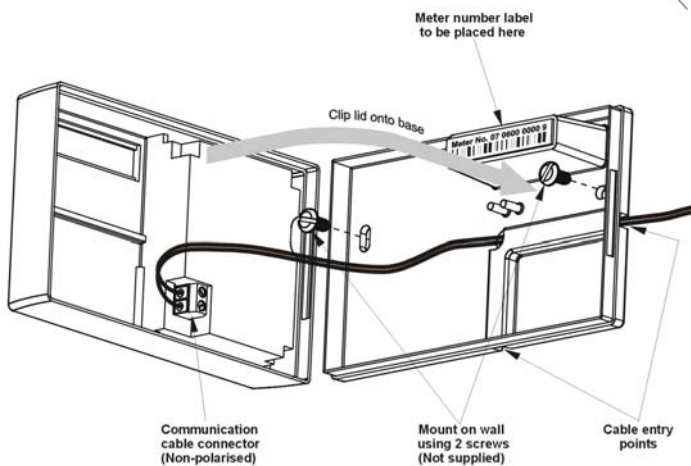


Figure 5: Customer Interface Unit - Rear View

4. LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY INDICATIONS

The LCD is designed to give a clear and unambiguous visual indication of the important meter functions by means of language-independent pictograms:

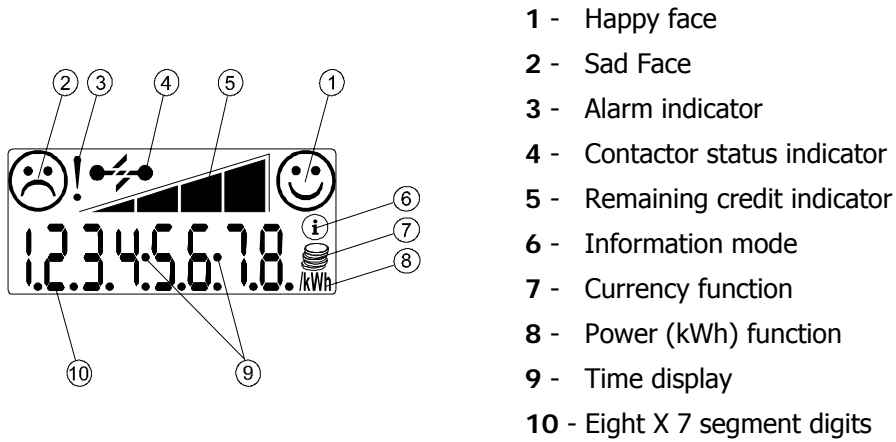
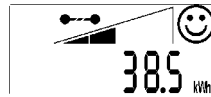


Figure 6: What the ICONS mean

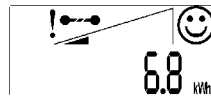
Normal Operation



Display shows *remaining credit* (kWh).

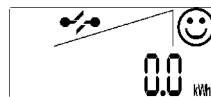
Contactor closed and consumption *rate* indicator flashes at a rate proportional to the power being used.

Low Credit Warning



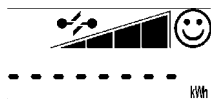
Credit running low and more needs to be purchased to avoid disconnection of supply.

Zero Credit



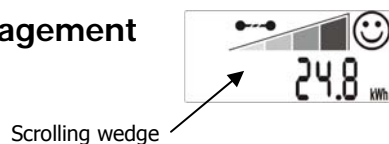
Supply disconnected.

Power Limit Lockout



Supply disconnected.

Energy Management Mode



Display shows the amount of *accumulated energy* currently available. The credit wedge will always be scrolling – up, if energy credit is accumulating, or down, if it is decreasing.

Figure 7: Operational Displays

4.1. Contactor Status Indicator

This icon indicates the status of the meter's internal, load control contactor.

Under normal operating conditions i.e. with the meter in credit, the contactor will be 'closed' and power supplied to the consumer. It will 'open' when credit expires.

4.2. Alarm Indicator

This is a 'low credit' warning indicator that turns on if the remaining credit value is greater than zero, but less than half the low credit level programmed into the meter. Under these conditions it is displayed in conjunction with the smallest credit wedge icon on the LCD.

4.3. Remaining Credit Indicator

This 'wedge' provides a quick visual indication of the remaining credit in the meter and functions as follows :

- Displays all four credit wedge icons if the *credit register* is greater than, or equal to, the *high credit level*.
- Displays the three smallest credit wedge icons if the *credit register* is greater than, or equal to, the *low credit level* but less than the *high credit level*.
- Displays the two smallest credit wedge icons if the *credit register* is greater than or equal to half the *low credit level*, but less than the *low credit level*.
- Displays the smallest credit wedge LCD icon if the credit register is greater than zero, but less than half the *low credit level*.
- If the remaining credit is less than or equal to zero, all the credit wedge icons will be off.

NB: When the remaining credit level reaches zero, the numeric display indicates 0.0kWh. If, for any reason, the credit level is decremented below zero i.e. negative, the display indicates 0. kWh. This is the case if the meter has been personalised not to display negative credit. Although there is no negative value displayed, it gives a quick visual indication that a negative value is present.

The Remaining Credit Indicator's function varies slightly, depending on which mode the meter is operating in.

- In *prepayment mode*, the wedge segments toggle at pre-defined (voucher-settable) credit levels.
- In *energy management mode*, the wedge icons are continuously scrolling from either left to right or right to left. If the amount of energy being consumed by the connected load is less than the rate at which energy credit (DAE) is being added i.e. the overall energy credit level in the meter is increasing, it scrolls from left to right. If the amount of energy being consumed by the connected load is more than the rate at which energy credit (DAE) is being added i.e. the overall energy credit level in the meter is decreasing, it scrolls from right to left.

NB: The rate at which energy credit is added depends on the value of the DAE. This value is typically set to zero at the time of manufacture and can then be set to any value with an appropriate engineering voucher from the prepayment vending system at the time of installation.

4.4. Information Indicator

This icon turns on in response to pressing the information key on the keypad. It indicates that the meter is in information mode and the contents of various registers can be viewed.

4.5. Currency Indicator

This icon is turned on when the meter is in the Credit Mode.

4.6. Power (kWh) Indicator

This function is used whenever the displayed units represent power (kWh). It applies to both normal meter operation as well as when viewing registers via the information mode.

The power (kWh) icon will also flash at a rate of 1Hz if no energy is being consumed i.e. if the meter is in creep lock.

4.7. Time Indicator

This function is used whenever the displayed units represent time (hh:mm:ss).

4.8. Happy and Sad Faces

These two icons are used in combination to give a quick visual indication of good and bad status. For example, if the meter were operating normally, the happy face would be on. However, if it were to be tampered, the sad face would come on. Similar responses would apply during token entry e.g. entering an invalid *Credit Transfer Number* would result in the sad face flashing for a short period of time.

5. LED INDICATORS

5.1. Rate of Consumption Indicator (Rate LED)

The rate at which energy is being consumed is indicated via the red rate LED. This is the reference output for determining the meter's metrological accuracy. It also gives a quick visual indication of electricity usage e.g. a fast rate when a stove or electric fire is in use and a large amount of electricity being consumed.

The meter constant for Gemini meter is set to 1000 impulses/kWh. The rate LED will therefore flash 1000 times for every kWh of energy consumed.

NB: The rate LED on the customer interface unit is not a reference output and should not be used for verifying the associated meter's metrological accuracy.

5.2. Customer Interface Unit Communications Indicator (On the meter)

This green LED gives a visual indication of communication status with the remotely connected customer interface unit

- During normal operation, with a customer interface unit connected to the meter, this LED flickers continuously at the transmitted data rate.
- If there is no communication with a customer interface unit, the LED glows steadily. This would be the case if the communications lines were broken.
- If the communication line is short-circuited, the LED is off.

5.3. Status Indicator (On the meter)

This yellow LED gives a quick visual indication of several important functions. During normal operation it flashes once every five seconds (effectively a 'power on' indication). Any other status is indicated by two or more flashes separated 350mS apart with a period of 1S between successive pulse trains. The indicated statuses are as follows:

2 flashes	Meter in <i>fatal error</i> mode <i>This is a fault condition and requires a service call-out. The load switch will be open</i>	6 flashes	Meter <i>not initialised</i> <i>The meter will not accept credit until the appropriate vending keys are entered</i>
3 flashes	Meter <i>tampered</i> <i>The load switch will be open</i>	7 flashes	Meter <i>decommissioned</i> <i>The load switch will be open</i>
4 flashes	Meter <i>out of credit</i> <i>The load switch will be open</i>	8 flashes	Keypad <i>locked out</i> <i>The customer is temporarily inhibited from entering vouchers at the CIU due to incorrect number entry on previous attempts</i>
5 flashes	Power <i>limit</i> or <i>DAE</i> exceeded <i>The load switch will be open</i>	9 flashes	Waiting for <i>manual load switch closure</i> <i>This indicates that the customer is required to press any key on the keypad of the CIU to safely effect load switch closure</i>

5.4. Alarm LED (Customer Interface Unit Only)

On the Customer Interface Unit, the alarm indicator functionality of the LCD is duplicated on a flashing yellow LED to give a very clear visual indication to the consumer that the credit level is low and disconnection of the electricity supply could occur soon.

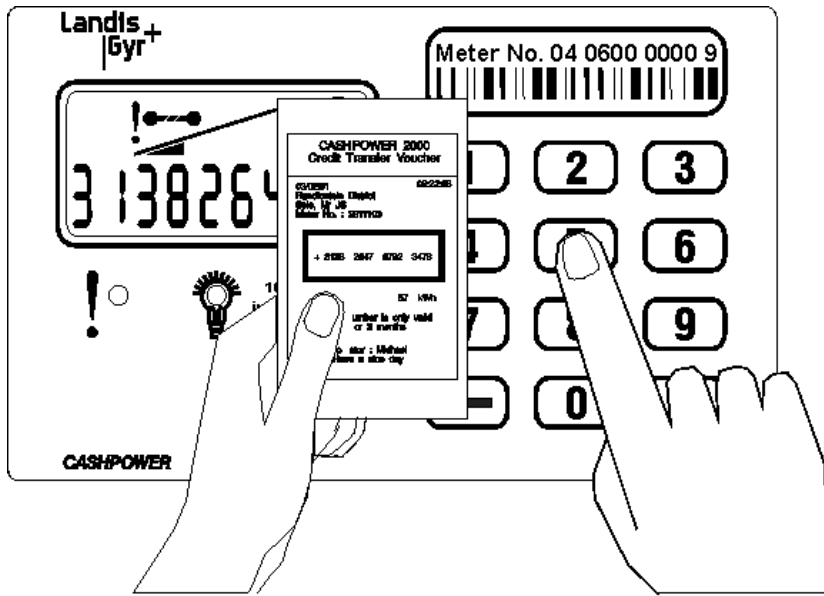
6. OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS PORT (METER ONLY)

This port enables data to be transferred to and from the meter (e.g. the accessing of various registers or downloading of new parameters) using a portable interrogation device.

7. GENERAL METER OPERATION

It is possible to switch the meter between any one of its three modes of operation at any stage via engineering vouchers generated by the prepayment vending system.

Display and control functions common to all modes of operation are described in this section. Mode-specific functions are described in subsequent sections.



Tokens (Only numbers as they appear in **bold text** on the credit voucher) are entered into the meter via the keypad.

An audible 'beep' is heard on each key press.

Incorrect entries can be corrected with the **F** key.

Incomplete number entries will be cleared after 30 seconds.

After entering a complete, valid number, the new credit total is displayed.

Figure 8: Entering vouchers into the keypad of the meter

☹	☺	Normal operating mode (Includes zero credit and supply disconnected)
☹☀	☺	Number not recognized by meter
☹☀	☀	Number already used
☹☀	☺	Not enough digits entered (30-second timeout)
☹	☺	Meter Tampered
☹	☺	Service callout
☹☹☹☺☺☺		Number expired
☐		Service callout

Figure 9: Typical displays

7.1. Entering Vouchers via the Keypad

Vouchers (credit, set power limit, tamper reset etc.) are entered into the meter by keying in the numbers printed on the voucher via the keypad. The numbers entered are displayed on the LCD as they are being entered and scroll from right to left, with a decimal point displayed at every fourth digit for ease of viewing.

Visual feedback is provided by flashing the happy face icon with each key press.

Audible feedback is provided by a 'beep' on each key press.

Incorrect entries can be corrected with the backspace key, which removes the rightmost digit on the LCD with each key press. Two backspace key presses in quick succession will clear the entire entry.

Acceptance of a valid voucher is automatic. Once a complete voucher has been entered, the meter processes it and, depending on the result, displays one of the sequences described in - 7.2. Again, depending on what sequence is invoked, the keypad could remain locked for a variable period of time i.e. it will not respond in any way to further key presses.

An incomplete voucher entry will be timed-out after 30 seconds; where after the customer interface unit reverts to normal operation.

7.2. Voucher Processing

Depending on the type of voucher entered into the meter, it will result in one of the display sequences described below:

7.2.1. Incomplete Voucher

A voucher entry is timed out if no key is pressed for more than 30 seconds. On time-out:

- The voucher number is cleared off the display.
- The remaining credit is displayed.
- The happy face icon is turned on.
- The sad face icon is flashed for 10 seconds.

7.2.2. Complete Voucher

If a complete voucher is entered, the meter:

- Locks the keypad.
- Proceeds to process the voucher number.

Depending on the result of the processing, one of the following sequences can occur. Refer to - 7.2.2.1 through - 7.2.2.6.

7.2.2.1. Voucher Accepted

A scrolling credit wedge is displayed.

7.2.2.2. Voucher Accepted as a Valid Key Change Number

Note: Two vouchers are required for a STS key change.

- The scrolling credit wedge is displayed.
- The key revision and key type, followed by the tariff index, is displayed during the above scrolling sequence.

7.2.2.3. Voucher Overflow Rejection

This occurs if the voucher is valid, but rejected because the current credit register would overflow. The following is displayed:

- The happy face icon is flashed.
- The sad face icon is turned on for 10 seconds.

NB: The voucher can be re-used at a later stage.

7.2.2.4. Incorrect Voucher

If the voucher is rejected, the following will be displayed:

- The happy face icon is turned off.
- The sad face icon is flashed for the reject time.

NB: The reject function is included to discourage the entry of random numbers in an attempt to defraud the meter. The reject time will eventually settle at a maximum time of 82.5 seconds.

7.2.2.5. Duplicate Voucher

If the voucher is rejected because it has previously been entered i.e. a duplicate voucher:

- Both the happy face and sad face icons are flashed simultaneously for 5 seconds.

7.2.2.6. Expired Voucher

If the voucher is rejected because it is older than the oldest voucher in the meter log i.e. 'expired':

- Both the happy face and sad face icons are alternately flashed for a period of 5 seconds.

7.3. Voucher Decryption and Processing

The Gemini Version 11 meter will only accept vouchers in the STS format.

The meter accepts information transferred as specified in the Standard Transfer Specification release 1.0:1995 with key typing included. Key expiry is not implemented.

STS vouchers comprise 20-digit numbers.

The following voucher types will be recognised and accepted:

- Electricity credit (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.1](#).
- Set 1st dispenser key (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.2](#).
- Set 2nd dispenser key (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.3](#).
- Clear tamper (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.4](#).
- Set maximum power load or power limit level (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.5](#).
- Set current credit levels (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.6](#).
- Clear credit (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.7](#).
- Initiate dispenser test (non meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.8](#).
- Commissioning (non meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.9](#).
- Commissioning (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.10](#).
- Decommissioning (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.11](#).
- Set credit-metering mode (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.12](#).
- Set prepayment-metering mode (meter-specific voucher) - [7.3.13](#).

- Set energy management mode (meter-specific voucher) - 7.3.14.
- Set DAE value (meter-specific voucher) - 7.3.15.
- Force latch open (meter-specific voucher) - 7.3.16.

7.3.1. Electricity Credit Voucher

The electricity credit voucher transfers a variable quantity of credit to the meter.

7.3.2. Set 1st Dispenser Key Voucher

Key changes are occasionally carried out to maintain the security of a pre-payment system. Unless the prepayment vending system and meter are both operating on the same key, vouchers vended from that system will not be accepted by the meter.

To effect a key change, two vouchers (set 1st dispenser key and set 2nd dispenser key) need to be issued and entered into the meter within a 5-minute period of each other. NB: set 1st dispenser key and set 2nd dispenser key vouchers may be entered in any sequence i.e. the 2nd dispenser key voucher may be entered first.

Note: Various ancillary functions e.g. clearing the meter log may be embedded into the key-change process (refer to the STS specification).

7.3.3. Set 2nd Dispenser Key Voucher

Refer to - 7.3.2.

7.3.4. Clear Tamper Voucher

If a meter has been tampered, normal operation can only be restored by entering a clear tamper voucher.

Note 1: These vouchers also reset the *power-fail counter* - [13.21](#).

7.3.5. Set Power Limit Voucher

This voucher sets the power limit level for the meter - 7.5.

7.3.6. Set Credit Levels Voucher

On accepting a power limit level number, the meter sets the appropriate high and low credit levels. These are the levels at which the segments in the 'wedge' of the LCD credit indicator toggle. NB. The scaling factors of these vouchers are different between prepayment and energy management modes of operation.

7.3.7. Clear Credit Voucher

On accepting a clear credit voucher, the meter clears any remaining credit to zero and opens the load switch, thus interrupting the electricity supply to the customer.

7.3.8. Initiate Dispenser Test Voucher (Non Meter-Specific Voucher)

There are a number of non meter-specific vouchers that can be used to test various functions on the meter. NB: These tests pertain to the meter and not the customer interface unit. They will only be visible on meters fitted with a local display so are mostly not applicable to Gemini.

On accepting an initiate dispenser test voucher, the meter executes all the tests that are embedded in that particular voucher. The following tests are supported:

Function	Voucher Number
Open the load switch	0000 0000 0001 5099 7584
HMI test - turns on all the <i>LED's</i> , displays all segments on the <i>LCD</i> , and activates the <i>buzzer</i>	0000 0000 0001 6777 4880
Display the <i>total units counter</i>	0000 0000 0002 0132 8896
Display the <i>key revision number</i> and <i>key type</i>	1844 6744 0738 4377 2416
Display the <i>tariff index</i>	3689 3488 1475 5332 2496
Display the <i>power limit</i> level	0000 0000 0012 0797 4400
Display the <i>tamper state</i>	0000 0000 0022 8172 8512
Display the <i>instantaneous power</i>	0000 0000 0044 2920 8064
Display the <i>software version</i> number	0000 0000 0087 2419 5840
<i>Test all</i> the above functions (tests run sequentially)	5649 3153 7254 5031 3471

In a test sequence (test all), each test has a duration of 2.5 seconds, and is performed in the above order. For a single test per voucher, the test has a duration of 5 seconds.

On completion of the test sequence, the meter returns to its normal mode of operation.

7.3.9. Commissioning Voucher (Non Meter-Specific Voucher)

This function is used to assist meter installation personnel by ensuring that the load remains disconnected and the tamper detect sensing switch function disabled (meter decommissioned). Once the installation is complete and the number entered, the load switch closes and the tamper detect sensing switch function is enabled.

7.3.10. Commissioning Voucher (Meter-Specific Voucher)

This is a meter-specific voucher that would operate in the same way as described in 7.3.9

In the case of the Gemini Split Meter (incorporating Energy Management mode of operation), it performs an additional function when operating in Energy Management mode – refer to 7.4.

7.3.11. Decommissioning Voucher (Meter-Specific Voucher)

On accepting a decommissioning voucher, the meter opens the load switch (load disconnected) and disables the tamper detect sensing switch function.

In the case of the Gemini Split Meter (incorporating Energy Management mode of operation), it performs an additional function when operating in Energy Management Mode – refer to 7.4.

7.3.12. Set Credit Metering Mode (Meter-Specific Voucher)

On accepting a set credit metering mode voucher, the meter commences operation as described in - 10.

7.3.13. Set Prepayment Metering Mode (Meter-Specific Voucher)

On accepting a set prepayment metering mode voucher, the meter commences operation as described in - 9.

7.3.14. Set Energy Management Mode (Meter-Specific Voucher)

On accepting a set Energy Management mode voucher, the meter commences operation as described in 11.

7.3.15. Set DAE Value (Meter-Specific Voucher)

This function is only applicable when operating in Energy Management mode – refer to 7.4

7.3.16. Force Latch Open (Meter-Specific Voucher)

This voucher provides a facility to independently disconnect the supply to the customer. On accepting a force latch open voucher, the meter opens the load switch (load disconnected).

Note that in the energy management mode of operation - 11, personalisable options exist to be able to enable or disable the incrementing of the DAE once the latch has been forced open.

7.4. Commissioning and Decommissioning the Meter

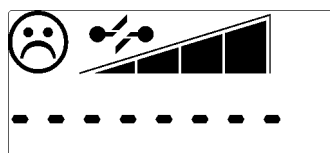
When decommissioned, the meter ceases to increment the DAE. On entering a meter-specific commissioning voucher, DAE incrementing commences at the defined rate.

The meter's commissioned / decommissioned status can be observed in the meter state register

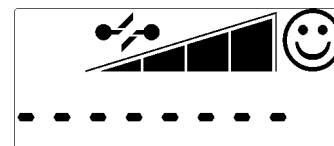
7.5. Power Limiting

The power-limiting feature allows utilities to set the maximum load that can be drawn by customers. The setting can be changed when necessary via a set power limit voucher from the prepayment vending system. It is implemented as follows:

- If the preset *power limit* threshold is exceeded, the *load switch* will open for a period (factory set period of between 30s and 180s), after which it will re-close (either automatically or manually - 7.7).
- If the *power limit* threshold continues to be exceeded, the above process is repeated. If, after 4 *power-limit* events within a 15-minute window, the limit is still being exceeded because of excessive energy consumption, the *load switch* will be opened for a period of 30 minutes (the *power limit lockout period*).
- At the end of the *lockout period*, the *load switch* will re-close (either automatically or manually by pressing any key on the keypad - 7.7) and, unless the excessive loading has been removed, the process will be repeated. Note that vouchers may be entered and the *information* modes accessed as normal during the *power limit lockout period*.
- When in the power limit lockout mode, it is possible to view the remaining lockout time via information register 066 - 13.34.
- If the power drawn by the customer is reduced in response to a *power limit* disconnect, the event will be ignored after 15 minutes has elapsed.



Display during 30-second
power limit periods



Display during 30-minute
power limit lockout period

NB: Power limiting is not a form of safety overload protection. It is designed to generally limit the overall usage of power in a particular area (possibly dictated by reticulation limitations or linked to a tariff allocation).

7.6. Reverse Power Detection and Metering

The metering circuitry can detect and measure reverse power. A filter ensures that short periods of reverse power are ignored e.g. as a result of a motor running down and only significant reverse power detected. A significant reverse power condition will be flagged when there has been a continuous reverse power measurement equivalent to 50Wh.

Under reverse power conditions, metering will continue as normal i.e. credit will continue to be decremented.

A setting in the option register - 13.18 determines whether the meter should ignore a reverse power condition, or act on it by entering into the tampered state.

If the tamper on significant reverse power option is set, the meter will enter into the tampered state and open the load switch, thus disconnecting the supply of electricity to the customer.

If the tamper on significant reverse power option is not set, the meter will continue to meter energy usage in the normal way.

Once significant reverse energy has been detected and flagged, it can only be reset with a valid tamper reset voucher.

7.7. Automatic/Manual Load Reconnection

In some instances, local safety regulations require that the meter not automatically re-close the load switch after, for example, a power limit trip. Under these conditions, the load switch will remain in the open state until such time as any key on the keypad is pressed.

Using the example of a power limit trip – refer to 7.5, the load switch will open and remain open for a period of 30 seconds. At the end of this 30-second period, the display will return to normal but, instead of the load switch closing, the load switch status icon on the LCD will start to flash, toggling between an open and closed state. This is the indication that the load switch may now be manually closed, by pressing any key on the keypad.

In the event of the load switch opening due to expiry of credit, it will only be able to close again on entry of a valid credit voucher. The manual action of entering a credit voucher via the keypad, results in the load switch closing when the last digit of the voucher is entered and accepted by the meter.

Automatic/manual load reconnection is a configurable option, set at the time of manufacture - 13.18. It may also be changed at any stage with a suitable engineering voucher.

7.8. Disconnect on Power Failure

This option, configurable at the time of manufacture - 13.18, forces the meter's load switch to open whenever there is a power failure. This can minimise attempts at fraud by, for example, cutting the neutral supply wire to the meter.

7.9. Optical Port

The Gemini meter is provided with an optical interrogation port that allows meter data to be rapidly and safely extracted in the field using a portable interrogation device.

The communications protocol complies with IEC 62056-21 mode C.

7.10. Credit Reader Interface

This port is available via a removable plug at the rear of the meter and should only be accessed when the meter is disconnected from power. It allows for meter data such as remaining credit to be extracted in the event of an electronics failure.

NB: From a safety point of view, the meter must not be powered when accessing this port – the Credit Reader provides the necessary low-voltage supply to power the logic circuitry.

8. ANTI-TAMPER FEATURES

8.1. General

The Gemini electronic circuitry is mechanically sealed at the time of manufacture by screw sealing plugs. The use of these sealing plugs ensures that there are visible signs of tampering if unauthorised entry to the meter is attempted

On installation, the Gemini terminal cover is fitted to the meter with a single terminal cover screw. The screw is then sealed with utility-sealed wire seals. The use of the utility seal ensures that there is a visible sign of tampering from the front of the meter.

8.2. Anti-Tamper Switch

The Gemini meter is fitted with a mechanical anti-tamper facility fitted.

The tamper facility automatically detects if the meter terminal cover is removed. This condition will set the tamper state thereby causing the meter to disconnect power to the household – it will remain in the tampered state when the cover is re-fitted to the meter

The tamper detect function may be enabled or disabled during production, or by means of a Set Options Register token. The tampered condition may be monitored by using the information functions

8.3. Reverse Energy Detection

The meter includes a Significant Reverse Energy (SRE) detection feature. If the line and load wires are swapped during installation, the meter will continue to operate and decrement credit, however, the meter can be factory-programmed to tamper and disconnect the load should SRE be detected. The reverse energy condition may be monitored by using the information functions

8.4. Resetting a Tamper Condition

Before resetting a tamper condition, care must be taken to remove the cause of the condition, e.g. ensure that the meter is wired correctly and that the terminal cover is securely fitted to the meter and that the tamper switch is closed. Failing to do this will cause an immediate tamper condition.

Once the terminal cover is fitted to the meter, check that the tamper switch is fully depressed by checking the tamper switch status in the meter state registers. If a meter has been tampered, normal operation can only be restored by entering a clear tamper voucher.

9. METER OPERATION (PREPAYMENT METERING MODE)

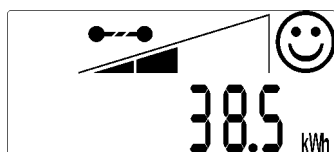


Figure 10: Display in Prepayment Metering mode

When set to the prepayment metering mode of operation, the meter functions as follows:

- Displays the *current credit register* value to a resolution of 0.1 kWh.
- The *current credit register* decrements as metering takes place. If the *current credit register* is allowed to decrement to zero, the load switch will open and the supply of electricity to the customer interrupted.
- Displays any combination of the 4 *credit wedge* segments, depending on the actual *current credit level* in the meter.
- Displays the *happy face* icon. NB. This icon will remain on even if the meter is out of credit and the load disconnected. Its primary function is to flag error conditions.
- Displays the *load switch status* icon in either the closed or open position, depending on whether the meter is in or out of credit.
- Credit vouchers can be entered at any stage. The credit value contained in the voucher will be added to the *current credit register*.

When toggling from *prepayment metering* mode to any of the other modes of operation, normal operation as defined for those modes commences as per the state of the various meter registers e.g. if there is no credit in the *credit register* (load switch open) and the meter now toggled to the *credit metering* mode, the load switch will close.

10. METER OPERATION (CREDIT METERING MODE)



Figure 11: Display in Credit Metering mode

When set to the credit metering mode of operation, the meter functions as follows:

- The default display is the *total register*, displayed with leading zeros. Note: In *information* mode, the *total register* may be viewed with a resolution of 0.01kWh - with the most significant digit omitted e.g. **000874.36**.
- The *credit metering mode* icon is turned on.
- All other display digits and icons work as per the prepayment mode of operation.
- The load switch will remain in the closed position. NB: The load switch will open if the meter is *tampered*, *decommissioned* or in a *power limit lockout* state.
- The *total register* increments as metering takes place.
- The prepayment mode *credit register* does not decrement with metering pulses. It retains its value and, if prepayment credit voucher are entered, will increment accordingly.

When toggling from *credit-metering* mode to any of the other modes of operation, normal operation as defined for those modes commences as per the state of the various meter registers e.g. if toggled to the *prepayment metering* mode and there is no credit in the *credit register*, the load switch will open.

11. METER OPERATION (ENERGY MANAGEMENT MODE)

The Energy Management Mode of operation allows utilities to distribute a fixed amount of energy to customers over a period of time (typically on a monthly basis). It encourages the rational use of energy without severely inconveniencing customers.

11.1. Daily Allocation of Energy (DAE)

This is the amount of energy that a utility will allocate to a customer over a 24-hour period. The value may be changed at any stage by entering a suitable set DAE voucher. Note that a 'daily' value was chosen to prevent confusion when accounting for months having differing numbers of days. Reference to 'months' elsewhere in this document assumes a 30-day period.

11.2. Operation

Assume that a monthly energy allowance of 150kWh has been allocated to a customer. The Gemini meter allocates this energy in regular, equal portions, over a thirty-day period i.e. by incrementing the kWh credit level with a value of 0.000870kWh every 15 seconds.

Assuming that the customer draws no power at all, the credit level will continue to increase. However, as soon as energy starts to be used, the credit level is proportionately decremented. If the rate at which energy is being used is less than the rate at which it is being incremented, the credit level will slowly continue to increase. If the rate at which energy is being used is greater than the rate at which it is being incremented, the credit level will slowly decrease. It is in the customer's interest to ensure that electricity is not wasted and that unnecessary appliances are turned off. By conserving energy, it will be possible to use it at a high rate for periods when required.

In the event of the customer exceeding the allocated allowance (credit level reduced to zero), the load is disconnected. However, the next allocation of credit will be available within a very short period of time (15 seconds) and the supply of electricity to the customer quickly restored. Providing the customer takes immediate steps to disconnect unnecessary appliances, it will be possible to have at least basic services available e.g. lighting. With a 150kWh monthly allocation of energy, it will be possible to maintain a continuous load of 200W whilst still maintaining a positive credit balance.

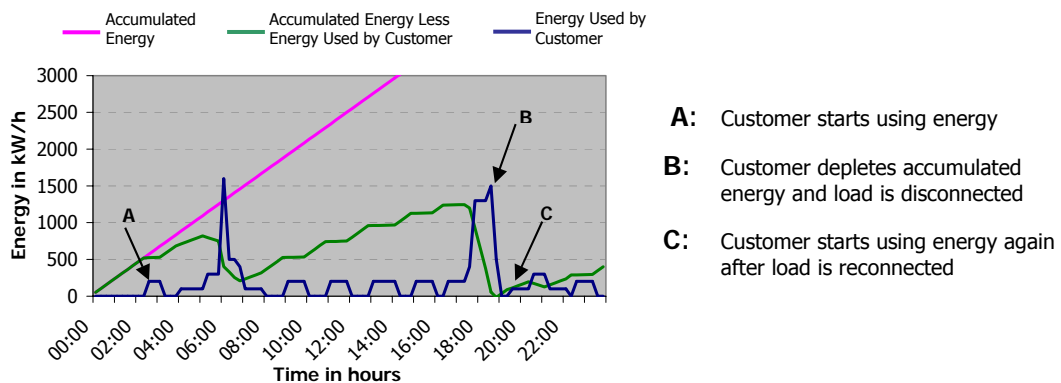
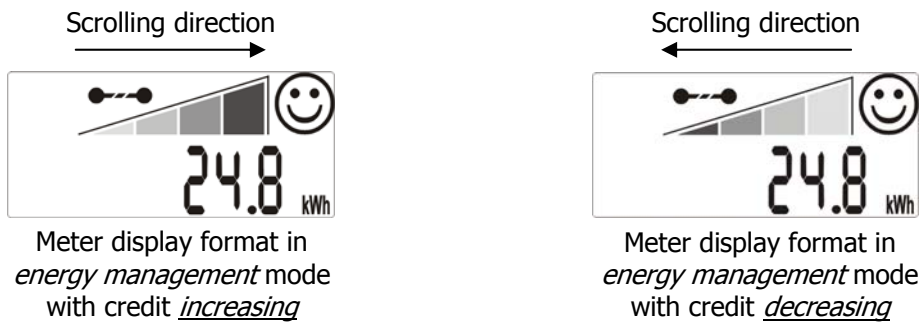


Figure 12: Graphical representation of Energy Management Mode of operation

NB. Timing for the dispensing of the DAE is synchronised to the mains supply frequency. During a power failure the DAE does not continue to increment.



When operating in the energy management mode, the meter functions as follows:

- The default display shows the amount of accumulated energy currently available. Note: Because the accumulation of energy takes place at 15-second intervals, the amount incremented each time is very small e.g. 0.000870kWh. With a normal meter display resolution of 0.1kWh, it will be some time before there is a significant change that actually results in the displayed digits changing. The 15-second changes can be viewed in real time with a resolution of 0.000001kWh via information register 063 - 13.31).
- NB. When in information mode, the scrolling credit wedge is not displayed.
- All other display icons work as per the prepayment mode of operation - refer to 9.
- The load switch will remain in the closed position unless the meter is tampered, decommissioned, in a power limit lockout state or if the DAE has been exceeded.
- NB. If the DAE is exceeded, the load switch will operate in exactly the same way as it does when the meter is in power limiting mode - 7.5. Also note that during the periods that the load is disconnected (for either power limiting or DAE expired), the DAE continues to increment in the background.

11.3. Alarms

The unique functionality of the energy management mode of operation requires a variation in the handling of the low credit level alarm thresholds. Because credit levels are automatically incremented, it is possible for the meter to move in and out of the alarm threshold without user interaction.

Another variation is the functioning of set credit level settings. In the energy management mode of operation they are not treated as absolute values but interpreted as a percentage of the DAE. This in order to prevent the resetting of alarm levels if and when the DAE values are adjusted. This setting is fixed at the time of manufacture but can be changed via an engineering voucher at any stage.

The alarm functionality is implemented as follows:

- A level of hysteresis is applied to the *alarm* settings such that it is activated at half of the *low credit level* setting but only deactivates once it passes back up through the *low credit level* setting. When in the *alarm* state, the buzzer sounds and the *alert* LED is flashed.
- The audible alarm may be silenced by pressing any key on the keypad (the *alarm* LED will continue to flash). It will remain silenced until such time as the credit level has passed back through the *low credit level*. At this point the *alarm* LED turns off and, if the remaining credit level is again decremented to below half of the *low credit level*, the above alarm sequence will again be activated.
- If the customer does not press a key on the keypad to silence the alarm as described above, the buzzer will continue to sound and the alert LED flashed while the credit level is decrementing. If the credit level starts to increment, the buzzer

will stop sounding but the alarm LED continues to flash. This behaviour will persist while the remaining credit level is below the low credit level.

- NB. The audible alarm functionality described above pertains specifically to the customer interface unit. Other features that allow the function to be disabled or enabled as required are described in 12.2.

When toggling from energy management mode to any of the other modes, normal operation as defined for those modes commences as per the state of the various meter registers e.g. if toggled to the prepayment metering mode and there is no credit in the credit register, the load switch will open.

12. CUSTOMER INTERFACE UNIT - SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS

12.1. General

The Customer Interface Unit is effectively a remote extension of the meter's Human Machine Interface. It does, however, implement some local functions independently:

12.2. Audible Low-Credit Alarm

This function is provided to give consumers the option of having a timeous audible warning that credit is low and disconnection of the electricity supply could occur soon.

The default setting of this function may be set in hardware as follows:

- Alarm permanently enabled (PCB link option SP2 left open circuit).
- Alarm permanently disabled (PCB link option SP2 shorted).

If needed (during normal operation of the customer interface unit), the above default settings can be changed by pressing and holding the '0' key on the keypad for 5 seconds. At the end of this period the buzzer beeps once (alarm disabled) or twice (alarm enabled). The mode can be toggled any number of times.

NB: If the default setting of the alarm is changed via the keypad, it will revert to the default status every time power is removed from the customer interface unit.

12.3. Other Audible Tones

The customer interface unit generates a variety of tones in response to token entries e.g. there are two distinctly different tones to indicate Transfer Number Accept or Transfer Number Reject sequences.

13. INFORMATION FUNCTIONS

Pressing the information key toggles the meter into *information* mode (the information icon on the LCD turns on and all digits display \equiv). The contents of various registers can now be viewed by entering the appropriate, 3-digit register code.

Once in *information* mode, toggling between different registers may be done on an ongoing basis by entering the appropriate 3-digit code i.e. the information key does not have to be pressed again.

Information mode may be exited by pressing the information key or, in the absence of any other key presses, automatically after a period of 1 minute.

Information Register Functions

Info Register Number	Function
000	Meter number
001	Instantaneous power
002	Current credit register (0.1kWh resolution)
003	Total units counter (0.1kWh resolution)
004	DAE accumulated credit register (0.001kWh resolution)
006	Current 24 hr. consumption
007	Previous 24 hr consumption
008	Current 30 day consumption
009	Previous 30 day consumption
011	DAE value (0.01kWh resolution)
012	Low credit level
013	High credit level (<i>not applicable in Energy Management Mode</i>)
014	Power limit level
024	Extended meter number
025	Scrolling meter number
030	Meter (fixed) state register 1
031	Meter (fixed) state register 0
035	Meter (changeable) option register 0
037	Meter (display) state register 0
048	Software version number
050	Power-fail counter
054	Last voucher ID in date format
055	Last credit voucher ID
056	Value of last credit voucher entered
057	Key revision and key type
058	Tariff index
059	Current credit register (0.001kWh resolution)
060	SGC register
061	Total units counter (0.001kWh resolution)
062	Current credit register (0.000001kWh resolution)
063	DAE accumulated credit register (0.000001kWh resolution)
064	DAE 15-sec portion register (0.000001kWh resolution)
065	Low credit level (0.000001kWh resolution) – <i>Energy Management Mode only</i>
066	Latch inhibit timer (1-minute resolution)

13.1. Meter Number (Register 000)

The meter displays the unique identity number personalised at the time of manufacture. It must match the number printed on the meter's front panel label. NB: This number excludes the manufacturer code ("07" in the case of Cashpower meters manufactured in S. Africa), check-digit (last digit of the serial number label) and leading zeros of the meter number. For example, meter number 07 0286 6860 1 will be displayed as 286 6860.

13.2. Instantaneous Power (Register 001)

The meter displays the instantaneous power being consumed by the connected load. Readings are updated once per second.

13.3. Current Credit Register – 0.1kWh Resolution (Register 002)

This meter displays the remaining credit in the meter. Note that this is the total remaining credit available and includes credit entered via tokens as well as DAE increments.

13.4. Total Units Counter – 0.1kWh Resolution (Register 003)

The meter displays the total kWh consumed since it was put into service.

13.5. DAE Accumulated Credit Register – 0.001kWh Resolution (Register 004)

The meter displays the total credit that has accumulated via the DAE increments since it was put into service.

13.6. Current 24-Hour Consumption (Register 006)

The meter displays the number of hours into the current 24-hour period, followed by the consumption (kWh) during this period. By pressing the backspace key twice in rapid succession, the hour counter and consumption value is reset to zero and a new cycle commences using this as the reference time.

Note: This does not affect the previous 24-hour period statistic or either of the 30-day statistics.

13.7. Previous 24-Hour Consumption (Register 007)

The meter displays the previous 24-hour period consumption (kWh).

13.8. Current 30-Day Consumption (Register 008)

The meter displays the number of days into the current 30-day period, followed by the consumption (kWh) during this period. By pressing the backspace key twice in rapid succession, the day counter and consumption value is reset to zero and a new cycle commences using this as the reference date.

Note: This does not affect the previous 30-day period statistic or either of the 24-hour statistics.

13.9. Previous 30-Day Consumption (Register 009)

The meter displays the previous 30-day period consumption (kWh).

13.10. DAE Value – 0.01kWh Resolution (Register 011)

The meter displays the amount of energy that has been allocated to a customer over a 24-hour period. It is this value that gets broken down into equal portions and then added to the current credit register (13.3) at 15-second intervals when the meter is operating in Energy Management Mode.

13.11. Low Credit Level (Register 012)

The meter displays the level at which the lower two credit wedges on the LCD come into operation. Note that this function is handled differently when the meter is operating in Energy Management Mode – refer to 11.

13.12. High Credit Level (Register 013)

The meter displays the level at which the upper two credit wedges on the LCD come into operation. Note that this function is not applicable when the meter is operating in Energy Management Mode - 11.

13.13. Power Limit Level (Register 014)

The meter displays the power level (in either Amps or Watts) at which the load switch will be opened, causing the supply to the customer to be interrupted.

13.14. Extended Meter Number (Register 024)

The 'extended meter number' displays the 'missing' three digits of the STS meter number in the format '07- - - - n' where:

07 is the manufacturer code (07 for S. African manufactured Landis+Gyr meters).

n represents the check digit.

13.15. Scrolling Meter Number (Register 025)

The meter displays the entire (11-digit) meter number i.e. the meter number as described in 13.1 and the extended meter number as described in 13.14, by scrolling it in from left to right on the LCD.

13.16. Meter (Fixed) State Register 1 (Register 030)

The meter displays the state in which the meter currently is. Note that these values are stored in the meter's EEPROM and will be maintained even if the meter is powered down:

Meter (Fixed) State Register 1	
Display	Function
XXXX XXX1	Load switch 'armed' for manual reclosure
XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX	Active metering mode: 01 = Prepayment mode 10 = Credit metering mode 11 = Energy management mode
XXXX 1XXX	Significant reverse energy detected
XXX1 XXXX	Stop DAE incrementing when load switch forced open
XX1X XXXX	Not used
X1XX XXXX	Not used
1XXX XXXX	Not used

13.17. Meter (Fixed) State Register 0 (Register 031)

The meter displays the state in which the meter currently is. Note that these values are stored in the meter's EEPROM and will be maintained even if the meter is powered down:

Meter (Fixed) State Register 0	
Display	Function
XXXX XXX1	Meter tampered
XXXX XX1X	Meter out of credit
XXXX X1XX	Meter in 30-second trip mode (power limit exceeded or DAE expired)
XXXX 1XXX	Meter not initialised (default key)
XXX1 XXXX	Meter decommissioned
XX1X XXXX	DAE expired
X1XX XXXX	Load switch forced open
1XXX XXXX	Meter in 30-minute lockout mode (power limit exceeded or DAE expired)

NB: On start up, the 30-second and 30-minute trip/lockout modes are reset i.e. if either of them had been active at the time of powering the meter down, they do not resume from that state when starting up again.

13.18. Meter (Changeable) Option Register 0 (Register 035)

The meter displays the functions personalised at the time of manufacture. These functions can be subsequently changed via a voucher:

Meter (Changeable) Option Register 0	
Display	Function (bracketed values apply for bit set to 1)
XXXX XXX1	Display credit register (display total register) on meter as default display
XXXX XX1X	Automatic (non-automatic) load switch closing after power limit trip
XXXX X1XX	Amps (Watts) power limit display
XXXX 1XXX	(Disconnect) load switch on power fail
XXX1 XXXX	Don't tamper (do tamper) on significant reverse energy
XX1X XXXX	Tamper detect sensing switch (enabled)
X1XX XXXX	Not used
1XXX XXXX	Not used

13.19. Meter (Display) State Register 0 (Register 037)

The meter displays various states that are determined each time the meter starts up or that occur during normal operation. They are not stored in EEPROM:

Meter (Display) State Register 0	
Display	Function (bracketed values apply for bit set to 1)
XXXX XXX1	Not used
XXXX XX1X	50 (60) Hz mains frequency detected
XXXX X1XX	Not used
XXXX 1XXX	No EEPROM (EEPROM) error detected
XXX1 XXXX	Tamper detect sensing switch state (open)
XX1X XXXX	Not used
X1XX XXXX	Not used
1XXX XXXX	Meter out of (in) creep lock

13.20. Software Version Number (Register 048)

The meter displays the software version number masked into the microprocessor.

13.21. Power-Fail Counter (Register 050)

The meter displays the number of power failures that have occurred to date. This register is cleared with the entry of a tamper reset voucher – 7.3.4.

13.22. Last Voucher ID in Date/Time Format (Register 054)

The meter displays the date and time of issue of the last Credit Transfer Number entered. Note that the display toggles continuously between displaying the date and time.

13.23. Identifier of Last Voucher Entered (Register 055)

The voucher identifier is displayed (0 – 16777215) i.e. number of minutes elapsed since 01:01:1993.

13.24. Value of Last Voucher Entered (Register 056)

The meter displays the value (kWh) of the last Credit Transfer Number entered.

13.25. Key Revision and Key Type (Register 057)

Refer to the STS specification

13.26. Tariff Index (Register 058)

Refer to the STS specification

13.27. Current Credit Register – 0.01kWh Resolution (Register 059)

The meter displays the value of the credit register with a resolution of 0.01kWh. The most significant digit of the display (if in use) will be “pushed” off the display in this mode.

13.28. Supply Group Code (SGC) Register (Register 060)

This register will contain the initial SGC value, personalised at the time of manufacture. Once a successful meter key-change has been performed, the information is no longer valid and is, therefore, cleared. This option gives a quick indication of whether a key-change has been performed on the meter.

13.29. Total Units Counter – 0.01kWh Resolution (Register 061)

The meter displays the value of the total units register with a resolution of 0.01kWh. The most significant digit of the display (if in use) will be “pushed” off the display in this mode.

13.30. Current Credit Register – 0.000001kWh Resolution (Register 062)

The meter displays the value of the current credit register with a resolution of 0.000001kWh. The most significant digits of the display (if in use) will be “pushed” off the display in this mode. This is a very high resolution display that allows one to view both the incrementing of the credit register by the DAE at 15-second intervals as well as it decrementing due to the energy consumed by any connected load.

13.31. DAE Accumulated Credit Register – 0.000001kWh Resolution (Register 063)

The meter displays the value of the total credit entered into the meter via the DAE method with a resolution of 0.000001kWh. The most significant digits of the display (if in use) will be “pushed” off the display in this mode. This is a very high resolution display that allows one to view the incrementing of the credit register by the DAE at 15-second intervals.

13.32. DAE 15-Second Portion Register – 0.000001kWh Resolution (Register 064)

The meter displays the energy value that gets added to the current credit register every 15 seconds with a resolution of 0.000001kWh. The most significant digits of the display (if in use) will be “pushed” off the display in this mode.

13.33. Low Credit Level – 0.000001kWh Resolution (Register 065)

The meter displays the level at which the lower two credit wedges on the LCD come into operation with a resolution of 0.000001kWh. Note that this function is handled differently when the meter is operating in Energy Management Mode – refer to 11.

13.34. Latch Inhibit Timer – 1-Minute Resolution (Register 066)

When the load switch has opened due to either a power limiting event or expiry of DAE and is in a 30-minute lockout state, the register displays the time remaining before the contactor will close again.

14. ERROR CODES

14.1. Meter

In the unlikely event of a catastrophic malfunction in the meter (meter), the supply to the consumer will be disconnected and a two-digit error code in the form ---XX--- displayed.

14.2. Customer Interface Unit

In the event of a communications failure with the customer interface unit (other than a broken wire, in which case the customer interface unit would not be powered) a two-digit error code in the form ---05--- will be displayed.

15. PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS (METER)

General Information	
Type	Single-Phase, 2-wire, direct connected prepayment meter.
Compatible network (s)	Single-Phase, 2-wire, earthed neutral ¹
Operation	
General	Credit store with decrement-on-usage
Credit entry mechanism	Keypad; encrypted numbers
Encryption algorithms	STS Compliant ²
Applicable specifications	NRS009-1; NRS009-6-6; NRS009-6-7; ³
Electrical Ratings	
Nominal Voltage (U_n) - Rated Voltage	230 Volts AC rms (<i>other voltages available on request</i>)
Nominal frequency	50 Hz (<i>60Hz option available</i>)
Operating Voltage range	80% to 120% of U_n (184V – 276V)
Maximum Continuous Current (I_{max})	80 Amps (factory and field programmable to lower power limits)
Burden	
Voltage circuit	<1.8W / <10VA @ 230V
Current circuit	<2.5 VA @ Base Reference Current (I_b)
Protective class (according to IEC 62052-11)	Class II (double insulated)
Metrological Performance	
Measurement Direction	<i>Forward and reverse power detection and metering⁴ (Credit is decremented in both directions)</i>
Meter constant (LED flash rate)	1000 impulses / kWh
Basic reference current (I_b)	10A ⁵
Accurate metering range	0.05 I_b to 1.2 I_{max} ⁶
Starting current	≤ 0.004 I_b
Power threshold	6.5W (approx 28mA @ 230V and $\cos(\Phi) = 1$) ⁷
Accuracy Class Index	<i>Class 1 and Class 2 meters available</i>
Maximum error	
Class 1	< ± 1% over range 0.1 I_b to I_{max} ; $0.5 \leq \cos(\Phi) \leq 1.0$ (lead or lag) ⁸
Class 2	< ± 2% over range 0.1 I_b to I_{max} ; $0.5 \leq \cos(\Phi) \leq 1.0$ (lead or lag)
Disconnection device	
Type	Single Pole latching contactor. 100A.
Insulation; Overvoltage and Surge Protection	
Insulation system classification	Protective Class II (according to IEC 61036)
Insulation level	4kV rms for 1 minute
Overvoltage withstand	440VAC for 48 hours ⁹ 600VDC for 1 minute ¹⁰

¹ May be compatible with other network types as well – Consult Landis+Gyr

² STS = Standard Transfer Specification (Industry Standard)

³ NRS = National Rationalised Specification (South Africa)

⁴ Will accurately meter energy if Line and Load connections are reversed. Can also be configured to tamper on reverse energy detection.

⁵ Other Base Currents available on request.

⁶ The metering is accurate within the limits specified by IEC62053-21. Should a meter momentarily be operated outside its specified maximum current rating it will meter accurately up to 1.2 I_{max} .

⁷ The Power Threshold represents the minimum load power that the meter will register. This value is programmable, with the recommended level for a base 10A meter shown.

⁸ IEC 62053-21: $0.8 \leq \cos(\Phi) \leq 1.0$ Leading, $0.5 \leq \cos(\Phi) \leq 1.0$ Lagging

⁹ This higher specification (440V as opposed to 400V) has not yet formed part of the official specification

¹⁰ This higher end test is not a requirement of IEC 62052

Surge immunity Voltage impulse withstand Differential	In excess of 6kV, 1.2/50µs, with 2Ω source impedance (according to SABS 1524-1)
Current impulse withstand Service rating Withstand rating Specification compliance	5 kA 8/20µs (with optional surge arrestor populated) 30 kA, 4/10µs (with optional surge arrestor populated) SABS 1524-1, IEC 62052-11
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Electrostatic discharge Immunity to HF fields Immunity to fast transient bursts Radio interference Specification compliance	15 kV air discharge 80 MHz to 2 GHz @ 10V/m with load, 80MHz to 2GHz @ 30V/m no load 4 kV Complies with requirements for CISPR 22 IEC 61000-4-2; IEC 61000-4-3; IEC 61000-4-4; IEC 61000-4-6 CISPR 22
Communication Circuitry	
Type	Galvanically Isolated, Non-Polarised, 2-wire, half-duplex. Meter is independent of CIU function
Rated Impulse Voltage	Peak Voltage 6kV (1,2/50µS) waveform (according to IEC 62052-11 Protective Class II)
Insulation Properties	4kVrms (1 minute) (according to IEC 62052-11 Protective Class II)
Communication Distance	Up to 130 metres, with a maximum total loop resistance of 40Ω

Main Enclosure	
Type	Layout according to BS5685 footprint
Mounting	Two mounting screws bottom (spacing according to BS5685). Top mounting bracket available as an option
Rating	IP54 (IEC60529) ¹¹
Material Resistance to heat and fire Resistance to spread of fire	UV Stable Polycarbonate/ABS blend with flame-retardant <i>Complies with 960°C¹² glow-wire (IEC 60695-2-1) UL94-V0 rated @1.5mm. No toxic gases emitted: 'Green Material'</i> ¹³
Dimensions	127.6mm(H) x 122mm(W) x 68mm(D) with short terminal cover ¹⁴
Mass	510 g
Terminals	
Layout	According to BS5685
Mains Terminals Type Material Maximum Cable Size	Double screw (M6), moving-cage terminal Mild steel, yellow passivated 25mm ²
Terminal Block Material Resistance to heat and fire Resistance to spread of fire	UV Stable Polycarbonate with flame-retardant <i>Complies with 960°C¹⁵ glow-wire (IEC 60695-2-1) UL94-V0 rated @1.5mm. No toxic gases emitted: 'Green Material'</i> ¹⁶
Customer Interface Unit Terminals Type Maximum cable size	Single screw cage terminal (moving screw) 2.5mm ²
Sealing	
Type Meter enclosure Terminal cover	Factory sealed with screw-sealing plugs Utility sealed with wire and crimped ferrule
Operating Environment	
Area of application	Indoor meter (according to IEC62052-11)
Operating temperature range	-10°C (+14°F) to +55°C (+131°F)

¹¹ Only IP51 rating is required by IEC 62052-11 for indoor meters

¹² Only 650°C called for by standard industry specification

¹³ No V-rating or 'Green' material called for by industry specifications

¹⁴ See diagram

¹⁵ Only 650°C called for by standard industry specification

¹⁶ No V-rating or 'Green' material called for by industry specifications

Storage temperature range	-25°C (-13°F) to +70°C (+158°F)
Relative humidity	Maximum ≤95%; Annual mean 75%
Man-Machine Interface (Basic Option)	
Rate of consumption indicator	Visible LED, 1000 pulses/kWh
Status Indication	Visible LED
CIU Operating Indication	Visible LED
Man-Machine Interface (Full HMI Option)	
Rate of consumption indicator	Visible LED, 1000 pulses/kWh
Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)	
Size	9cm ² (45mm (W) x 20mm (H)), 8 digits + 11 icons
Icon information	Happy face, Sad face, Alert, Breaker status, Info, kWh, 4-segment credit wedge
Numeric information	Display of various meter information such as credit levels, number entry, etc. Additional meter parameters are accessible via the "Information" key
Keypad	12-key, international standard layout including "Information" and "Backspace" keys
Buzzer	Audio feedback on key-press.
External interfaces	
Standard Interrogation Port	8-pin interface according to ESKOM SCSSCAA9 ¹⁷
Optical Communications Port	According to IEC 62056-21
Proprietary Interrogation Port	Data interface for Cashpower Powermate II™ or Powerscope II®
Specification compliance and Approvals	
IEC	IEC 62052-11; IEC 62053-21 IEC 62056-21 First Edition: 2002
SABS	SABS 1524-1 Edition 3
ESKOM Prepayment meters	ESKOM SCSSCAA9 Rev0: 1997 +Amendment 1: 2000 (formerly MC171)
BS	BS 5685: 1979

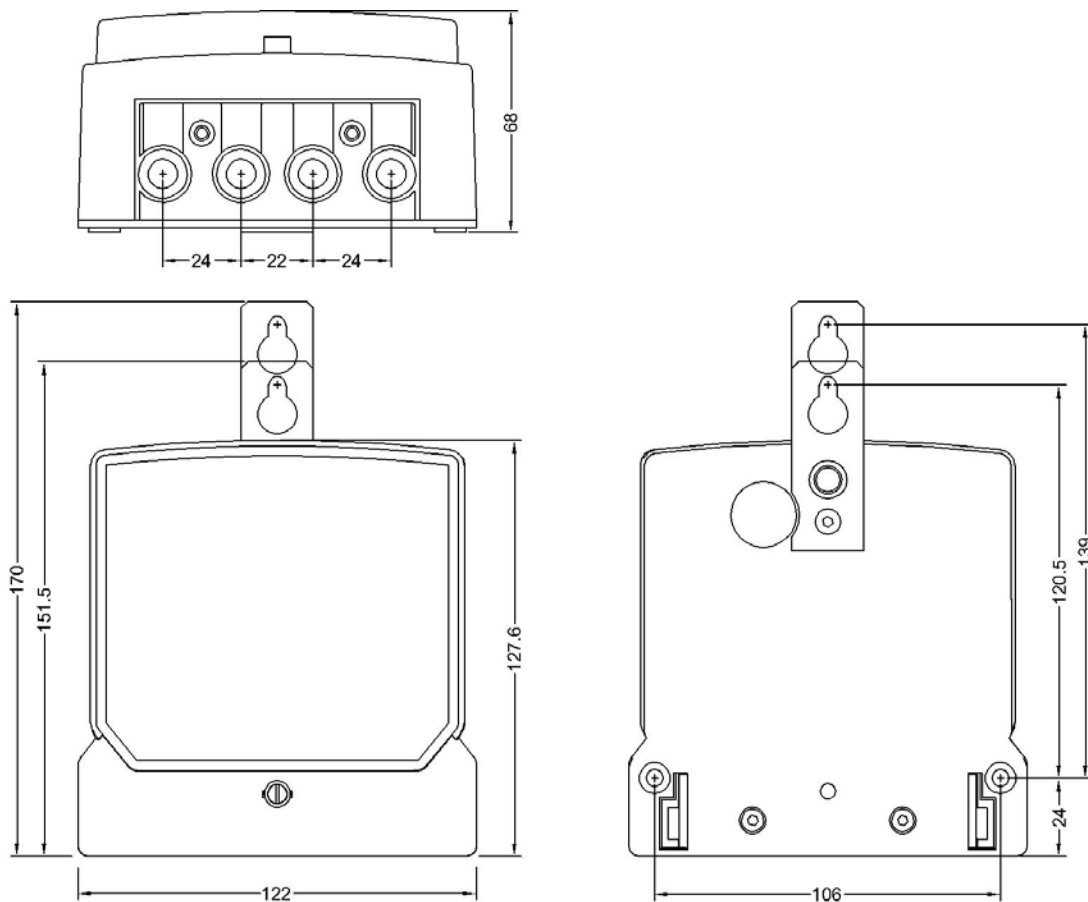
¹⁷ Available on request

16. PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS – CUSTOMER INTERFACE UNIT

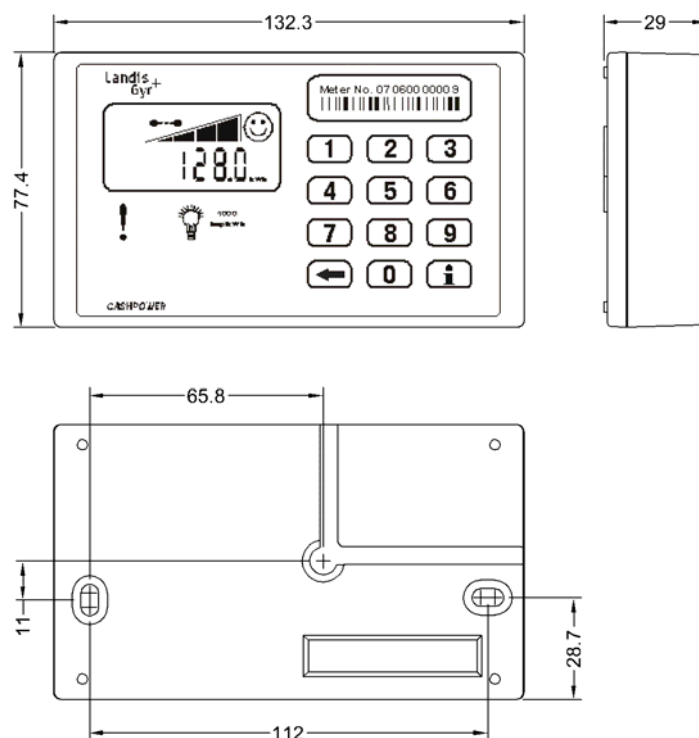
Electrical	
Type	Isolated, non-polarised, 2-wire, half-duplex, 12Vdc from meter
Operating Range (Communication)	Up to 130 metres, with a maximum total loop resistance of 40Ω
Operating Environment	
Operating Temperature Range	-10°C (+14°F) to +55°C (+131°F)
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C (+12°F) to +70°C (+158°F)
Relative Humidity (IEC 6 1036)	Maximum ≤95%; Annual mean 75%
Enclosure	
Type	Slimline, wall mounted
Rating	IP 51
Material	ABS
Dimensions	77.4mm(H) x 132.3mm(W) x 29mm(D)
Weight	100 g
Terminals	
Type	2-way screw terminal
Maximum cable size	2.5mm ²
Sealing	
Enclosure	Factory Sealed, no user serviceable parts

Man-Machine Interface	
Type	Language-independent
Components	Pictographic/Numeric LCD display, keypad, LED rate of consumption indicator, audio feedback
Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) Size Icon information Numeric information	9cm ² (45mm (W) x 20mm (H)), 8 digits + 11 icons Happy face, Sad face, Alert, Breaker status, Info, kWh, 4-segment credit wedge Display of various meter information such as credit levels, number entry, etc.
Keypad	12-key, international standard layout including "Information" and "Backspace" keys
Buzzer	Audio feedback on key press, encrypted number Accept and Reject melodies, Low-credit alarms as a factory-programmable option
Light Emitting Diode (LED)	Rate of consumption indicator (Pulse rate proportional to current rate of consumption)
Diagnostic information	30 additional meter parameters accessible via the "Information" key

17. PRODUCT DIMENSIONS (METER WITH SHORT COVER)



18. PRODUCT DIMENSIONS (CUSTOMER INTERFACE UNIT)



19. PRODUCT DIMENSIONS (METER WITH LONG COVER)

